

Modelling with Differential Equations

Starter

1. (Review of last lesson)

Solve the equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy + 5x$ given that $y = -1$ when $x = 0$.

2. Show the following as differential equations:

- The number of bacteria, b , in a petri dish is increasing over time, t , at a rate directly proportional to the number of bacteria.
- The volume of a jelly, V , is decreasing over time, t , at a rate that is inversely proportional to the square of its volume.

Notes

If the rate of **increase** of a quantity x is proportional to the amount of x , then:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = kx \quad \text{where } k > 0.$$

If the rate of **decrease** of a quantity x is proportional to the amount of x , then:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -kx \quad \text{where } k > 0.$$

N.B. Make sure you note whether the model is increasing (+ve) or decreasing (–ve)

E.g. 1 A colony of ants grows at a rate proportional to the size of the population, N .

- Express this as a differential equations relating N , t and k where t is the time in days since the colony was formed and k is a constant.
- When $N = 200$, the rate of increase of the population is 75. Find the value of k .
- The colony has an initial population of 200. How many ants will there be after 10 days?

Identifying limitations

- Is there any information missing from the model?
- What happens when time gets very big? Does the model tend towards a fixed value? Is this value appropriate?
- Is the model appropriate? E.g. Is it continuous when the variable is discrete? Does it allow negative values that don't make sense?
- Other factors: seasonal variation, food limits, natural immunity from disease, immigration/emigration

E.g. 2 At time t minutes the rate of change of temperature of an object as it cools is proportional to the temperature $T^{\circ}\text{C}$ of the object at the time.

- Given that $T = 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ when $t = 0$, show that $T = 60e^{-kt}$, where k is a positive constant.
- Given also that $T = 40^{\circ}\text{C}$, when $t = 5$ minutes, find the temperature of the object after 20 minutes.
- Explain why your answer to the final part may be incorrect in the real world.

Video: [Differential equations \(direct proportion\)](#)
Video: [Differential equations \(inverse proportion\)](#)

Exercise

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Summary

Rate of **increase** of a quantity x is proportional to the amount of x :

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = kx$$

Rate of **decrease** of a quantity x is proportional to the amount of x :

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -kx$$

where $k > 0$.

Limitations:

What happens when $t \rightarrow \infty$?

Think disease, food sources, predators etc.