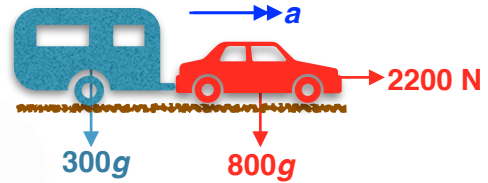


Connected Particles (horizontal)

- E.g. 1** A car of mass 800 kg exerting a driving force of 2200 N is pulling a trailer of mass 300 kg along a level road. If there is no resistance to the motion of either car or trailer, find
- the acceleration of the car and trailer and
  - the tension in the tow bar.

**Working** (a) Whole system:  
 $F = ma(\rightarrow)$ :  
 $2200 = (800 + 300)a$   
 $a = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$ .



The acceleration of the car and trailer is  $2 \text{ m/s}^2$ .

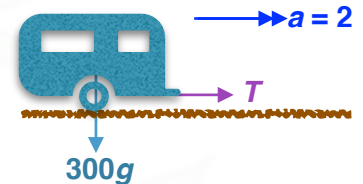
**N.B.** The tension in the tow bar is not involved in calculations for the whole system.

- (b) *To find the tension in the tow bar we must consider either just the trailer or just the car.*

*Trailer's POV – the trailer sees the tension as a pulling force*

$F = ma(\rightarrow)$ :  
 $T = 300 \times 2 = 600 \text{ N}$

The tension in the tow bar is 600 N.

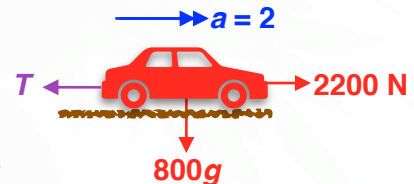


**OR**

*Car's POV – the trailer sees the tension as a resisting force*

$F = ma(\rightarrow)$ :  
 $2200 - T = 800 \times 2$   
 $T = 600 \text{ N}$

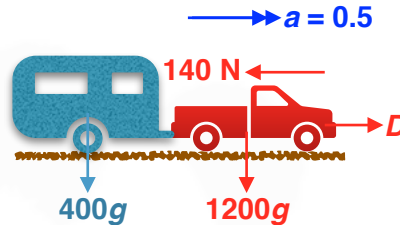
The tension in the tow bar is 600 N.



**N.B.** POV means “point of view”.

- E.g. 2** A pick-up truck of mass 1200 kg tows a trailer of mass 400 kg. They accelerate at  $0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ . There is air resistance of 140 N on the truck but negligible on the trailer. Find:
- the force,  $T$ , in the coupling (or tow bar) and
  - the driving force,  $D$ , of the truck.

**Working** Here is the diagram for the whole system.



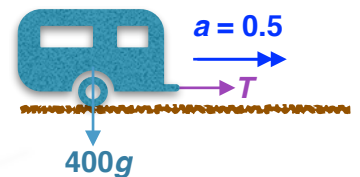
- (a) Since we don't know the driving force,  $D$ , we look at only the trailer

**Trailer's POV**

$$F = ma(\rightarrow):$$

$$T = 400 \times 0.5 = 200 \text{ N}$$

The force,  $T$ , in the coupling is 200 N.



- (b) We can look at **either** the whole system **or** just the car

**Car's POV**

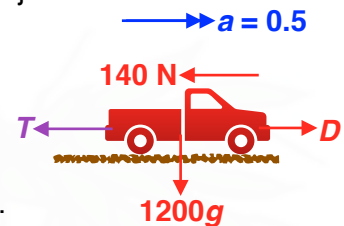
$$F = ma(\rightarrow):$$

$$D - T - 140 = 1200 \times 0.5$$

$$D - 200 - 140 = 600$$

$$D = 940 \text{ N}$$

The driving force,  $D$ , of the truck is 940 N.



**OR**

**Whole system (ignore tension in tow bar)**

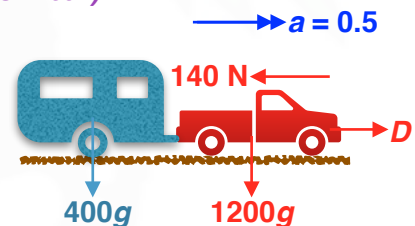
$$F = ma(\rightarrow):$$

$$D - 140 = (1200 + 400) \times 0.5$$

$$D - 140 = 800$$

$$D = 940 \text{ N}$$

The driving force,  $D$ , of the truck is 940 N.



**Video:** [Connected particles - horizontal](#)

[Solutions to Starter and E.g.s](#)

**Exercise**

p522 22D Qu 1-7