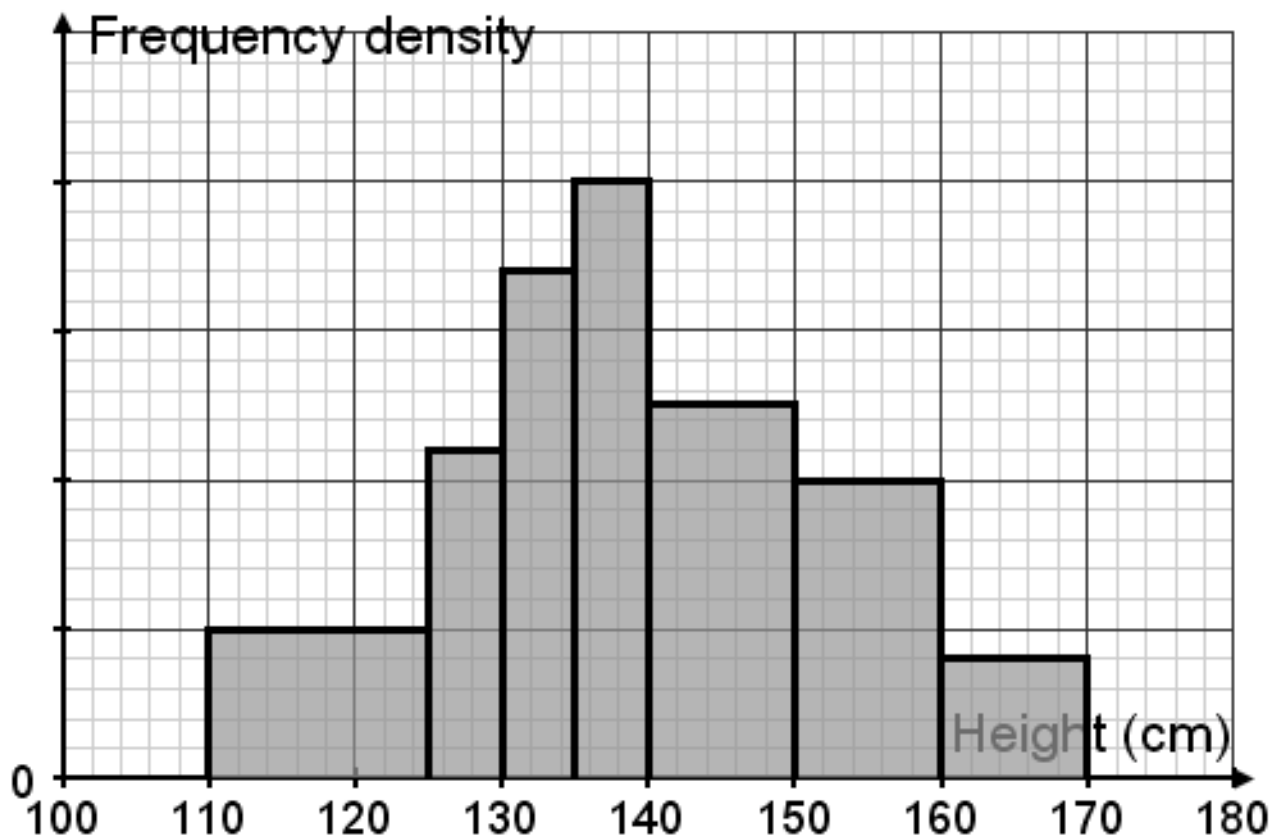


## Calculating Frequency Density from a Histogram

### Notes

*Worksheet: 'Finding the frequency density of a histogram'*

**E.g. 1** The histogram below shows children's heights. If there were 20 children between 135 cm and 140 cm, how many children were between 150 cm and 170 cm?



**Working:**  $\text{Frequency density} = \frac{\text{Frequency}}{\text{Class width}}$

For 135–140 cm:  $\text{Frequency density} = \frac{20}{5} = 4$

So vertical scale is 1 big square = 1 unit (or 5 small squares = 1 unit)

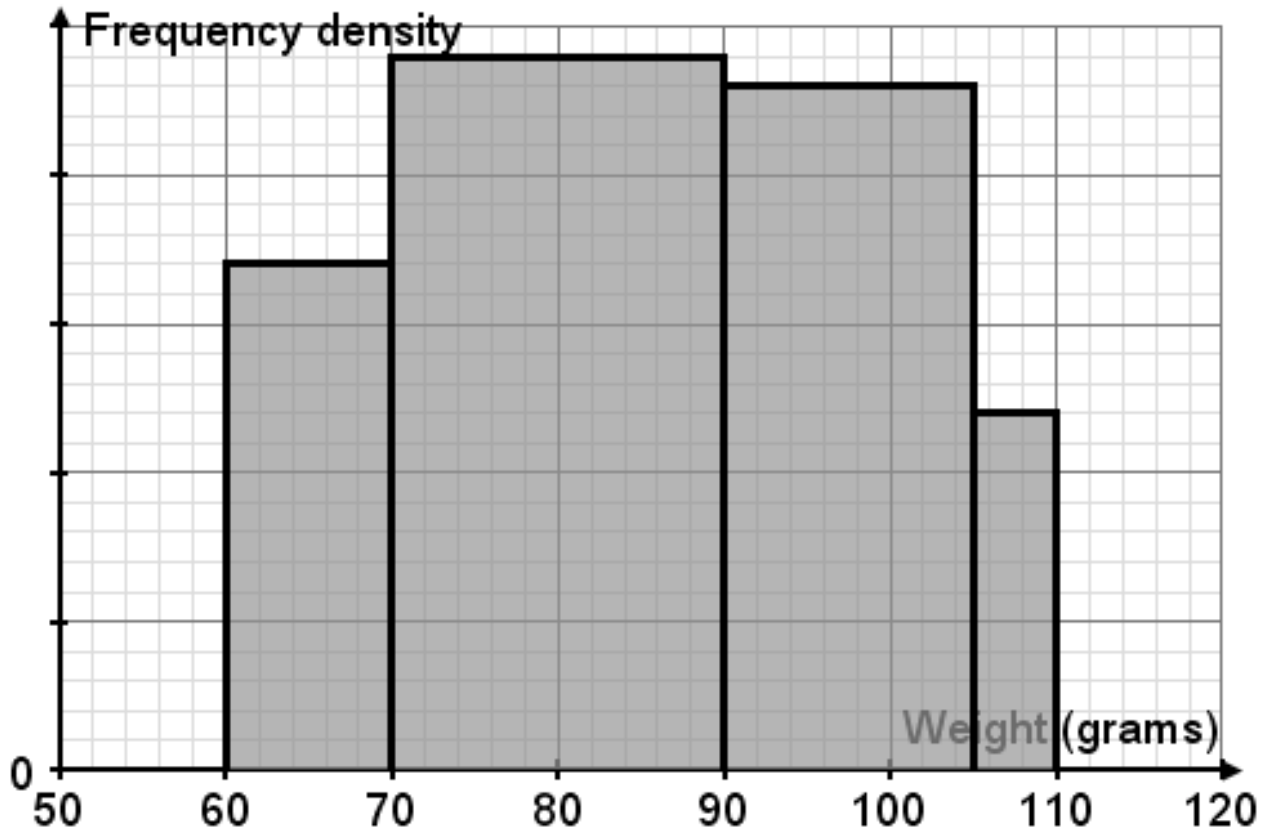
$\text{Frequency} = \text{Frequency density} \times \text{Class width}$

For 150–160 cm:  $\text{Frequency} = 2 \times 10 = 20$

For 160–170 cm:  $\text{Frequency} = 0.8 \times 10 = 8$

Total = 20 + 8 = 28 children

**E.g. 2** The histogram shows the weights of a group of eggs. 60 eggs were over 105g. Calculate the number of eggs that weighed less than 80g.



Video: [Finding frequencies from histograms](#)

[Solutions to Starter and E.g.s](#)

**Exercise**

- 9-1 class textbook: p489 E14.5 Qu 4-7
- A\*-G class textbook: p445 E14.2 Qu 4-7
- 9-1 homework book: p168 E14.5 Qu 2-4
- A\*-G homework book: p126 E14.2 Qu 2-4

**Summary**

Area of the bar equals the frequency of the group.

$$\text{Frequency density} = \frac{\text{Frequency}}{\text{Class width}}$$

[Homework book answers \(only available during a lockdown\)](#)