

## Lesson 6 – Increasing/Decreasing by a Percentage

### Starter

Find:

- 1) 20% of 15      2) 35% of 60      3) 28% of 200      4)  $\frac{2}{3}$  of 12      5)  $\frac{3}{5}$  of 14

### Starter Answers

- 1) 3                      2) 21                      3) 56                      4) 8                      5) 8.4

### Example 1

Increase 30 by 15%

This means we want to make 30 15% bigger.  
First we find 15% of 30:

Proportion	Amount
100%	30
10%	3
5%	1.5
15%	4.5

This is the amount we want to increase 30 by.  
So we add 4.5 on to 30.

$$30 + 4.5 = 34.5$$

$$\text{Answer} = 34.5$$

### Example 2

Decrease 30 by 15%

We know that 15% of 30 is 4.5  
This time we want to decrease 30 by this amount which means we make the number smaller  
So, we subtract 4.5 from 30.

$$30 - 4.5 = 25.5$$

$$\text{Answer} = 25.5$$

### Example 3

Reduce 45 by 33%

First we find 33% of 45

Proportion	Amount
100%	45
10%	4.5
1%	0.45
30%	13.5
3%	1.35
33%	14.85

$$30\% = 3 \times 10\% = 3 \times 4.5$$

We can do this by doing  $4.5 + 4.5 + 4.5$  and use a column method

$$3\% = 3 \times 1\% = 3 \times 0.45$$

We can do this by doing  $0.45 + 0.45 + 0.45$

Reduce means to decrease or make smaller. So, we subtract 14.85 away from 45. We can do this using a column method.

$$\begin{array}{r} 45.100 \\ - 14.85 \\ \hline 30.15 \end{array}$$

Answer = 30.15

### Your go

- 1) Increase 40 by 15%
- 2) Decrease £30 by 10%
- 3) Reduce 42kg by 30%
- 4) Add on 32% to 200ml
- 5) Raise \$400 by 16%
- 6) Discount £60 by 12%

### Answers

1) 15% of 40 = 6  
 $40 + 6 = 46$

2) 10% of 30 = 3  
 $30 - 3 = 27$

3) Reduce means to decrease.  
30% of 42kg = 12.6kg  
 $42\text{kg} - 12.6\text{kg} = 29.4\text{kg}$

4) 32% of 200ml = 64ml  
 $200\text{ml} + 64\text{ml} = 264\text{ml}$

5) 16% of \$400 = \$64  
 $\$400 + \$64 = \$464$

6) Discount means to decrease  
12% of £60 = £7.20  
 $\text{£}60 - \text{£}7.20 = \text{£}52.80$

#### **Example 4**

In a sale, all prices are reduced by 15%.

What would the sale price of a coat be if it used to cost £70?

$$15\% \text{ of } £70 = £10.50$$

$$£70 - £10.50 = £59.50$$

The coat used to cost £59.50

#### **Example 5**

Anna is 165cm tall.

Fred is 10% taller than Anna.

Charlie is 10% smaller than Fred.

How tall is Charlie?

$$10\% \text{ of } 165\text{cm is } 16.5\text{cm}$$

Fred is taller than Anna so we add 16.5cm on to Anna's height.

$$165\text{cm} + 16.5\text{cm} = 181.5\text{cm}$$

Fred is 181.5cm tall.

$$10\% \text{ of } 181.5\text{cm is } 18.15\text{cm}$$

Charlie is smaller than Fred, so we subtract 18.15cm from Fred's height.

$$181.5\text{cm} - 18.15\text{cm} = 163.35\text{cm}$$

Charlie is 163.35cm tall.

#### **Example 6**

There are 200 counters in a bag.

The counters are either red, blue or green.

30% of the counters are red.

The number of blue counters is 15% higher than the number of red counters.

How many green counters are there?

$$30\% \text{ of } 200 \text{ is } 60$$

There are 60 red counters

$$15\% \text{ of } 60 \text{ is } 9$$

Add this on to the number of red counters:  $60 + 9 = 69$

There are 69 blue counters

$$200 - 60 - 69 = 71$$

There are 71 green counters