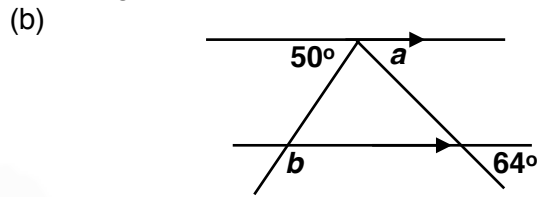
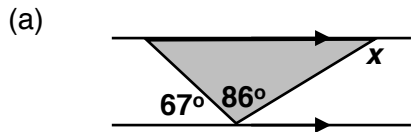


Bearings

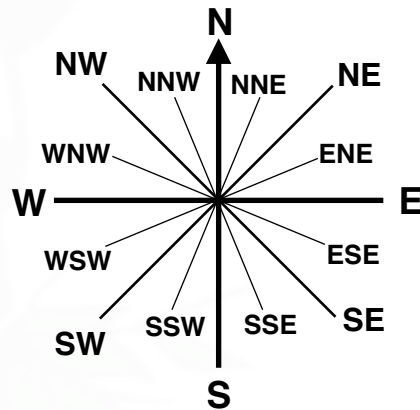
Starter

1. (Review of last lesson) Find the marked angles:



2. The clockwise angle from North to East is 90° . Write down the clockwise angle between North and the following points on the compass:

- W
- S
- NE
- SE
- NW
- WSW



N.B. There is 45° between N and NE.
There is 22.5° between N and NNE.

Notes

Bearings are angles that are measured **clockwise from North**. They are used to give directions and to help pinpoint the location of places.

3 rules of bearings

- Bearings are measured from the North line.
- Bearings are measured in the clockwise direction.
- Bearings are expressed with 3-figures so 60° becomes 060° .

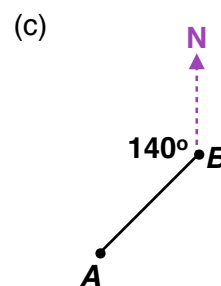
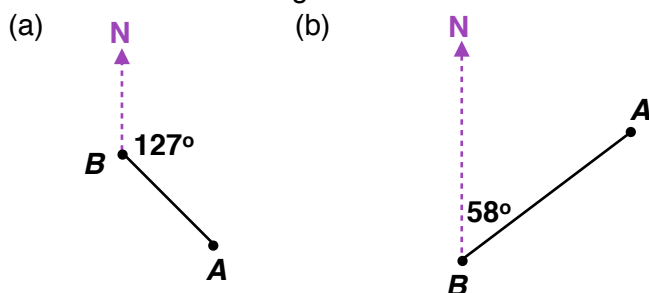
E.g. 1 Which points on the compass are the same as these bearings:

- (a) 000° (b) 225° (c) 337.5°

Working: (a) N

Geogebra: [Bearings](#)

E.g. 2 Write down the bearing of A from B.



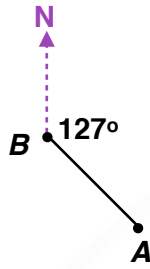
Working: (a) 127°

Back bearings

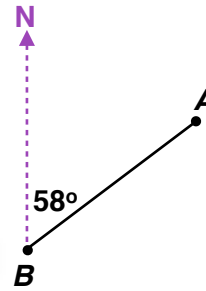
The bearing of A from $B \Rightarrow$ start from B (draw the North line at B)

E.g. 3 For the diagrams of below, calculate the bearing of B from A .

(a)



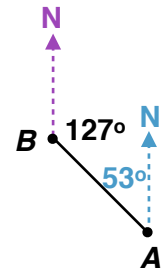
(b)



Working:

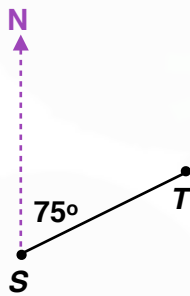
“the bearing of B from A ” – the “*from A*” means start from A . Therefore, a North arrow must be drawn *from A*.

- (a) By allied angles, the angle between the line AB and A 's North arrow is $180 - 127 = 53^\circ$.
So bearing of B from A is $360 - 53 = 307^\circ$

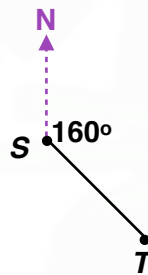


E.g. 4 What is the bearing of S from T ?

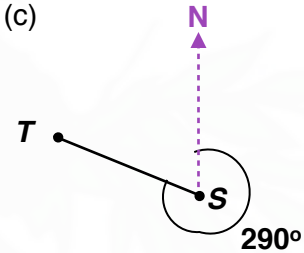
(a)



(b)



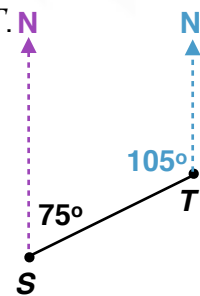
(c)



Working:

“the bearing of S from T ” – the “*from T*” means start from T . Therefore, a North arrow must be drawn *from T*.

- (a) By allied angles, the angle between the line ST and T 's North arrow is $180 - 75 = 105^\circ$.
So the bearing of S from T is $360 - 105 = 255^\circ$



E.g. 5 If the bearing of P from Q is 063° , what is the bearing of Q from P ?

Hint: draw a diagram.

Video: [Bearings](#)
Video: [Back bearings](#)

[Solutions to Starter and E.g.s](#)

Exercise

p198 Ex 11.3 Qu 1-10

Summary

3 rules of bearings:

1. Bearings are measured from the North line.
2. Bearings are measured in the clockwise direction.
3. Bearings are expressed with 3-figures so 60° becomes 060° .

Back bearings — the bearing of A from $B \Rightarrow$ start from B (draw the North line at B).

[Textbook answers \(only available during a lockdown\)](#)

