

## Finding Percentage Increase and Decrease

### Starter

- (Review of last lesson)** A quantity, 60 m, is increased by 12.7%. Find the new value of the quantity.
- \* A quantity,  $x$ , is increased by  $p\%$ . The new value of the quantity is  $y$ . Write down an equation involving  $p$ ,  $x$  and  $y$ .  
**Hint:** use the fraction multiplier method or the “find  $p\%$  and add it to the original value method”

### Notes

We can rearrange the first equation from question 2 of the starter to make  $p$  the subject (i.e. get it on its own) and thus find the percentage increase.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x(100 + p)}{100} &= y \\ x(100 + p) &= 100y && \text{multiply by 100} \\ 100x + px &= 100y && \text{expand the brackets} \\ px &= 100y - 100x && \text{subtract } 100x \\ px &= 100(y - x) && \text{factorise the RHS} \\ p &= \frac{100(y - x)}{x} && \text{divide by } x \end{aligned}$$

In other words:

$$p = \frac{y - x}{x} \times 100 \quad \text{where } x \text{ is the original amount}$$

$y$  is the new amount  
and  $y - x$  is the change or difference in price

$$\% \text{ change} = \frac{\text{Difference}}{\text{Original}} \times 100\% \quad \text{“D/O times 100”}$$

- N.B.** If a value *appreciates*, it means the price *increases*.  
If a value *depreciates*, it means the price *decreases*.

**E.g. 1** Find the percentage change from: (a) 50 km to 54 km (b) 54 km to 50 km.

**Working:**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a) } \% \text{ change} &= \frac{\text{Difference}}{\text{Original}} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{54 - 50}{50} \times 100\% \\ &= 8\% \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(b) } \% \text{ change} &= \frac{\text{Difference}}{\text{Original}} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{54 - 50}{54} \times 100\% \\ &= 7.41\% \end{aligned}$$

**E.g. 2** Over a two year period a house increases in value from £145 000 to £205 000. Find the percentage increase.

**E.g. 3** A motorbike depreciated from £4500 to £3200. Find the percentage depreciation.

**E.g. 4** The Smiths lounge measures 4 m by 3.5 m. They decide to increase its size by extending the longer sides by 2 m and the shorter sides by 1.5 m. Calculate the percentage increase in the area.

**Video:**

[Finding the percentage change](#)

[Solutions to Starter and E.g.s](#)

### Exercise

p162 Ex 9.6 Qu 1-10

### Summary

$$\% \text{ change} = \frac{\text{Difference}}{\text{Original}} \times 100 \%$$

**N.B.** If a value “appreciates”, it means the price goes up  
If a value “depreciates”, it means the price goes down

[Textbook answers \(only available during a lockdown\)](#)