

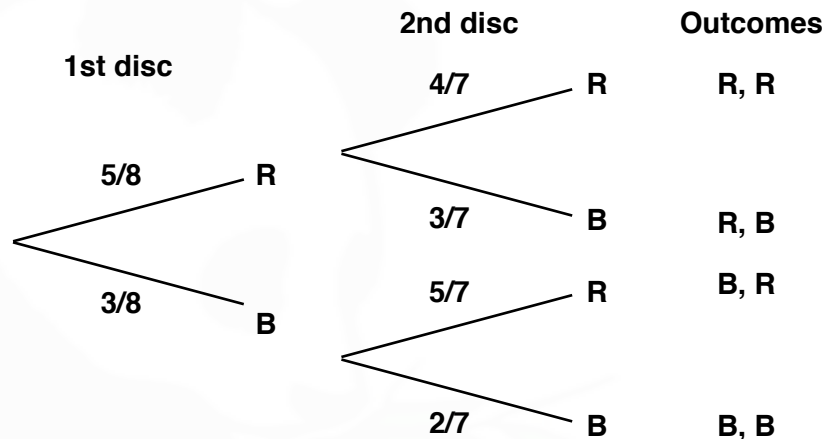
Displaying Discrete Data

Starter

1. **(Review of last lesson)** A bag has 5 red discs and 3 blue discs in it. Two discs are removed.
- (a) Draw a tree diagram.
Find the probability of choosing
- (b) 1 red disc
- (c) at least 1 red disc

Working:

(a)



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(b)} \quad P(1 \text{ red disc}) &= P(R, B) + P(B, R) \\
 &= \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{3}{7} + \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{5}{7} \\
 &= \frac{15}{56} + \frac{15}{56} \\
 &= \frac{30}{56} \\
 &= \frac{15}{28}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(c)} \quad P(\geq 1 \text{ red disc}) &= 1 - P(\text{no red discs}) \\
 &= 1 - P(B, B) \\
 &= 1 - \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{2}{7} \\
 &= 1 - \frac{6}{56} \\
 &= \frac{50}{56} \\
 &= \frac{25}{28}
 \end{aligned}$$

E.g. 1 A pie chart is to be drawn for this data. Calculate the angle for each category.

Colour	Frequency
Red	22
Blue	13
Green	19
Yellow	18

Working: Total frequency = $22 + 13 + 19 + 18 = 72$

Red:
$$\text{Angle} = \frac{\text{Frequency}}{\text{Total frequency}} \times 360^\circ$$
$$= \frac{22}{72} \times 360^\circ$$
$$= 110^\circ$$

The other angles can be calculated in a similar way

Colour	Frequency	Angle
Red	22	110°
Blue	13	65°
Green	19	95°
Yellow	18	90°

Video: [Vertical line graphs](#)

Video: [Drawing pie charts](#)

Video: [Interpreting pie charts](#)

[Solutions to Starter and E.g.s](#)

Exercise

p84 Ex 5.1 Qu 1-9

[Textbook answers \(only available during a lockdown\)](#)