

Linear Equations with Brackets

Starter

1. **(Review of last lesson)**

Expand: (a) $2(5x - 7)$ (b) $-8(3x - 5)$ (c) $8(3x - 4) - 6(2x - 5)$

Working: (a) $2(5x - 7) = 10x - 7$

(b) $-8(3x - 5) = 40 - 24x$

(c) $8(3x - 4) - 6(2x - 5) = 24x - 32 - 12x + 20 = 12x - 2$

2. **(Review of Y7 material)**

Solve: (a) $4x = 28$ (b) $9x - 5 = 49$ (c) $3 - 8x = 35$

Working: (a) $4x = 28$
Divide by 4: $x = \frac{28}{4} = 7$

(b) $9x - 5 = 49$
Add 5: $9x = 54$
Divide by 9: $x = \frac{54}{9} = 6$

(c) $3 - 8x = 35$
Subtract 3: $-8x = 32$
Divide by (-8): $x = \frac{32}{-8} = -4$

If in doubt, expand the brackets.

E.g. 1 Solve: (a) $3(x - 8) = 15$ (b) $4(x + 7) = 17$

Working: (a) $3(x - 8) = 15$
Divide by 3: $x - 8 = 5$
Add 8: $x = 13$

(b) $4(x + 7) = 17$
Expand the brackets: $4x + 28 = 17$
Subtract 28: $4x = -11$
Divide by 4: $x = \frac{-11}{4} = -2\frac{3}{4}$

E.g. 2 Solve (a) $5(q - 3) = 29$ (b) $-(x - 7) = 23$

Working: (a) *29 is not divisible by 5 so expand the brackets*
 $5(q - 3) = 29$
Expand the brackets: $5q - 15 = 29$
Add 15: $5q = 44$
Divide by 5: $q = \frac{44}{5} = 8\frac{4}{5}$

(b) The number in front of the brackets is -1

$$-(x - 7) = 23$$

Expand the brackets: $-x + 7 = 23$

Subtract 7: $-x = 16$

Divide by (-1) : $x = \frac{16}{-1} = -16$

E.g. 3 Solve: (a) $3(m + 1) + 2(m - 3) = 36$ (b) $2(y - 3) - 4(y - 1) = -6$

Working: (a) $3(m + 1) + 2(m - 3) = 36$

Expand the brackets: $3m + 3 + 2m - 6 = 36$

Collect like terms: $5m - 3 = 36$

Add 3: $5m = 39$

Divide by 5: $m = \frac{39}{5} = 7\frac{4}{5}$

(b) $2(y - 3) - 4(y - 1) = -6$

Expand the brackets: $2y - 6 - 4y + 4 = -6$

Collect like terms: $-2y - 2 = -6$

Add 2: $-2y = -4$

Divide by (-2) : $y = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$

E.g. 4 Solve: (a) $5(x - 3) = 7(2x + 9)$ (b) $4(3x - 8) = 9(5 - 6x)$

Working: (a) $5(x - 3) = 7(2x + 9)$

Expand the brackets: $5x - 15 = 14x + 63$

Collect like terms: $5x - 14x = 63 + 15$

$-9x = 78$

Divide by 5: $x = \frac{78}{-9} = -\frac{26}{3} = -8\frac{2}{3}$

(b) $4(3x - 8) = 9(5 - 6x)$

Expand the brackets: $12x - 32 = 45 - 54x$

Collect like terms: $12x + 54x = 45 + 32$

$66x = 77$

Divide by 11: $x = \frac{77}{66} = \frac{7}{6} = 1\frac{1}{6}$

Video: [Solving linear equations](#)
[Solving linear equations with brackets](#)

[Solutions to Starter and E.g.s](#)

Exercise

p133 Ex 8.2 Qu 1aceg, 2ac, 3-5, 6ace, 7-9 (Qu 8 has unknown on both sides)

[Textbook answers \(only available during a lockdown\)](#)